

Kate Palmer Albers

How do human beings—and human bodies—experience a cube three dround separation? How many ways can How do human beings and rounds experience a can that is structured around separation? How many ways can we be that is structured in? And what are the consequences. that is structured around that are the consequences, converse outside, looking in? And what are the consequences, converse outside, looking inner spaces? Bodies in states of transition outside, looking in: outside, looking in: states of transition, and of occupying inner spaces? Bodies in states of transition, and other spaces of impermeability, are at the of occupying inner spaces of impermeability, are at the heart of subjected to degrees of impermeability, are at the heart of subjected to degrees of interests. The title of his recent to subjected to degrees of the state of the second subjected to degrees of the state of the second subject of the Zemer's photographic interests. In the sorting recent body of work, Aquarium (2012–16), sets the tone for a range of disoriests, and, often, states work, Aquanum (2022) states of looking, states of containment, and, often, states states of looking. These dark and luminous spaces at states of looking, states of and luminous spaces of incongruity. Those dark and luminous spaces of immersion of incongruity. Those dark and luminous spaces of immersion of incongruity. of incongruity. Those data metaphors both for his experience of and separation act as metaphors both for a heavily state. and separation access more broadly, for a heavily structured and Los Angeles and, more than a superior of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century, mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century. mediated experience and in some we live, encapsulated.

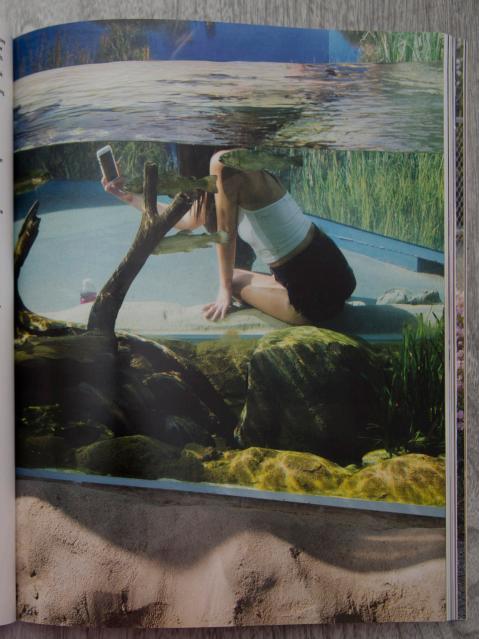
e puts it, "The aqualities in 1979, and relocated to LA for where he found the fluor to LA for Zemer was Dorn in the same to LA for graduate school, in 2011, where he found the flux of his encounter to the basic structure. graduate school, the school and mirrored in the basic structure of as a foreigner econocidate of this most decentralized city. The rich sensory porousness that this most decentrative. He had characterized Zemer's daily life in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv was abruptly replaced by an isolation fostered by LA's urban infrastructure and pervasive car culture. The contrast was infrastructure and persuasion initially—and to some degree remains—a shock. Of his experience in LA, Zemer says, "I'm trying to deal with it. We're closed in in LA, Zenner suys, a car, we're all bubbled from each other. It's as though someone planned it for us to be unable to look at or experience somebody else. And the camera fights that. It recognizes the closed thing."

As a result, Zemer photographs prolifically, finding his subjects in the course of daily life, on his travels around the United States and internationally, and at tourist sites like zoos and aquariums that he habitually seeks out wherever he goes. For Transit, his 2018 exhibition at LA's Night Gallery, Zemer culled a tightly conceived edit from some fifteen thousand images he's made in the past few years alone. In those photographs, one feels again and again the sense of something just out of reach, a consciousness in which disorientation has become routine. In Passenger (2015), an older man's face is partially lit by the blue glow of flight—an inverse of the aquarium. In Ramp (2014), the white industrial haze of a Los Angeles morning fails to fully mask the slight oddities of street life. Aquarium (2015) depicts a seated woman with her cellphone, appearing comfortably, if incongruously, submerged. Is she taking a photograph, looking out? Or is it a selfie? In Lotus (2014), lacquered and bejeweled fingernails offer a closed bloom from the darkness, and in Head (2016), a statue seems to have shed a lifetime of tears. The organic and the artificial repeat and replay, in ever-shifting configurations.

In both the vast archive of his images and the radically reduced selection that has become Aquarium, the current U.S. political environment is never pictured directly. However, as Zemer comments about the series as a whole, "If it succeeds in being about the human experience, then it's always about politics." In Zemer's work, that feeling finds its way into moments of disconnect, of uncertainty, and of absurdity.

Barak Zemer

Lotus, 2014; Red Hair, 2015



Kate Palmer Albers is a professor of art history at Whittier College, Los Angeles.





Kate Palmer Albers

How do human beings—and human bodies—experience a culture that is structured around separation? How many ways can we be outside, looking in? And what are the consequences, conversely, of occupying inner spaces? Bodies in states of transition, and subjected to degrees of impermeability, are at the heart of Barak Zemer's photographic interests. The title of his recent body of work, Aquarium (2012–16), sets the tone for a range of disorienting states of looking, states of containment, and, often, states of incongruity. Those dark and luminous spaces of immersion and separation act as metaphors both for his experience of Los Angeles and, more broadly, for a heavily structured and mediated experience of daily life in the twenty-first century. As he puts it, "The aquarium is how we live, encapsulated."

Zemer was born in Israel, in 1979, and relocated to LA for graduate school, in 2011, where he found the flux of his encounter as a foreigner echoed and mirrored in the basic structure of this most decentralized city. The rich sensory porousness that had characterized Zemer's daily life in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv was abruptly replaced by an isolation fostered by LA's urban infrastructure and pervasive car culture. The contrast was initially—and to some degree remains—a shock. Of his experience in LA, Zemer says, "I'm trying to deal with it. We're closed in a car, we're all bubbled from each other. It's as though someone planned it for us to be unable to look at or experience somebody else. And the camera fights that. It recognizes the closed thing."

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